Gasket Installation Procedures

Assuring ✓ joint integrity and

✓ maximum safety



A guide to successful gasket installation

- Successfully sealing a flanged connection is dependent upon all components of a well-designed flange system working well together
- This presentation provides guidance to maintenance operators, engineers and fitters, to ensure successful gasket installation and assembly of bolted flange connections
- It is intended to complement other plant-approved installation procedures

Tools required

Specific tools are required for cleaning and tensioning the fasteners. Additionally, always use standard safety equipment and follow good safety practices.

- Calibrated torque wrench, hydraulic or other tensioner
- ✓ Wire brush (brass if possible)
- ✓ Helmet
- ✓ Safety goggles
- ✓ Lubricant
- Other plant-specified equipment





Remove all foreign material and debris from:

- ✓ seating surfaces
- ✓ fasteners (bolts or studs)
- ✓ nuts
- ✓ washers

Use plant-specified dust control procedures

Examine



- Examine fasteners (bolts or studs), nuts and washers for defects such as burrs or cracks
- Examine flange surfaces for warping, radial scores, heavy tool marks, or anything prohibiting proper gasket seating
- Replace components if found to be defective. If in doubt, seek advice

Align flanges

- Align flange faces and bolt holes without using excessive force
- Report any misalignment



Install gasket



- Ensure gasket is the specified size and material
- Examine the gasket to ensure it is free of defects
- Carefully insert the gasket between the flanges
- Make sure the gasket is centred between the flanges
- Do not use jointing compounds or release agents on the gasket or seating surfaces unless specified by the gasket manufacturer
- Bring flanges together, ensuring the gasket isn't pinched or damaged

Lubricate load-bearing surfaces

- Use only specified or approved lubricants
- Liberally apply lubricant uniformly to all thread, nut and washer load-bearing surfaces
- Ensure lubricant doesn't contaminate either flange or gasket face



Install and tighten fasteners



- Always use proper tools: calibrated torque wrench or other controlled tensioning device
- Consult your gasket manufacturer for guidance on torque specifications
- Always torque in a cross bolt tightening pattern

Tighten the nuts in multiple steps

- <u>Step 1</u> tighten all nuts initially by hand (larger bolts may require a small hand wrench
- ✓ <u>Step 2</u> torque each nut to ~30% of full torque
- ✓ <u>Step 3</u> torque each nut to ~60% of full torque
- Step 4 torque each nut to full torque, again still using the cross bolt tightening pattern (larger diameter flanges may require additional tightening passes)
- <u>Step 5</u> apply at least one final full torque to all nuts in a clockwise direction until all torque is uniform (larger diameter flanges may require additional passes)



Re-tightening



- Caution: consult your gasket manufacturer for guidance and recommendations on re-tightening
- Do not re-torque elastomerbased, asbestos-free gaskets after they have been exposed to elevated temperatures unless otherwise specified
- Re-torque fasteners exposed to aggressive thermal cycling
- All re-torquing should be performed at ambient temperature and atmospheric pressure



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For further details on gasket installation, please refer to the **ESA/FSA Guidelines for safe seal usage - Flanges and Gaskets** (Publication N^{o.} 009/98) available from the FSA and ESA in *Deutsch*, *English*, *Español* and *Italiano*

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